## How to use flash cards effectively

#### **Materials**

There's nothing worse than starting a project without everything you need. Gather these supplies to get started:

- 3 x 5 index cards
- Highlighters in multiple colors
- Keyring, ribbon, or rubber band
- Vocabulary list or study guide
- Hole puncher
- Pencil

# **Creating the Flashcards**

- 1. On the front of the card, write <u>one</u> vocabulary word or key term. Center the word horizontally
- 2. Flip the card over. You won't be doing anything else with the front of the card.
- 3. On the back of the card, write the definition of the vocabulary word in the upper left hand corner. Be sure to compose the definition in your own words.
- 4. Next, write the word's part of speech in the upper *right* hand corner. If part of speech isn't relevant (say, if you're studying for a history exam), categorise the word in some other way, e.g. by time period.
- 5. On the lower left hand side, write a sentence that uses the vocabulary word. Make the sentence creative, funny, or memorable in some way. (If you write a bland sentence, you're much less likely to remember it!
- 6. On the lower right hand side, draw a small picture or graphic to go with the vocabulary word. It doesn't have to be artistic—just something that reminds you of the definition.
- 1. Once you've created a flashcard for every term on your list, punch a hole in the middle of the right side of each card and hook them together.

# **Studying With Flashcards**

Keep blank index cards on hand as you take class notes. When you hear an important term, write the term on a card right away and add the answers later or during your study session. This process encourages you to reinforce the information you hear in class.

Study the flashcards on a regular basis—preferably once a day for 1-2 weeks—before a text or exam. Explore different techniques, such as reviewing out loud versus silently and working alone versus with a study group.

When studying with flashcards, make a small check mark on the corner of the cards you answer correctly. When you have made two or three marks on a card, you know you can put it in a separate pile. Keep going through your main pile until all cards have two or three marks. Then, shuffle them and put them away for your next review session (or keep practicing!).

When you're studying your flash cards, make sure you review them from both sides.

## Flashcard Games for Study Groups

For classes that require you to memorize many definitions, like RS, Science, and History/ Geography, work with your class to create a master list of terms to study using the glossary in the back of your textbook. If possible, colour code the terms according to chapter.

Play charades or Pictionary. Split up into teams and place all the flashcards in a hat or a basket. During each round, a representative from one team steps up, pulls out a flashcard, and attempts to get his or her team to guess what was on the flashcard by giving silent cues (miming and body language) or drawing a picture to represent that keyword. The first team that gets to 5 points wins.

Examples of Chemistry flash cards using pictures below.

The weirder and wackier your associations are, the more easily you'll remember them. That's because your brain is adapted to remember things that are out of the ordinary. It readily deletes mundane things

